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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/769,344	01/30/2004	Steven Daryl Smith	9005MR	8322	
27752	7590 11/16/2005		EXAMINER		
	TER & GAMBLE COMP	MULCAHY, PETER D			
	UAL PROPERTY DIVISIC LL TECHNICAL CENTER	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
6110 CENTE	R HILL AVENUE	1713			
CINCINNAT	I, OH 45224	DATE MAILED: 11/16/2005			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/769,3	44	SMITH ET AL.				
Office Action Summary			r	Art Unit				
		Peter D.	Mulcahy	1713				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply			orrespondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by streply received by the Office later than three months after the red patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF TO FR 1.136(a). In no even. eriod will apply and vestatute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION yent, however, may a reply be time rill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONEI	L. hely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3	RO January 200)4					
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>30 January 2004</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)	<u> </u>							
-,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims	, ,	,,					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applica	tion						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
· -	⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.							
	_							
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction as	nd/or election r	equirement.					
Applicati	on Papers		•					
	•	minor						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119	o Examinor. IV		7.00.011 01 10.1111 1	10 102.			
	•	-iii 4	d== 2511.0.0 .0.440(=)	:				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
عار ۵	a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a	•	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4				
			nod dopied not received	· ·				
044a.ch	45)							
Attachment	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)		A) [] [alana	DTO 440				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) 🛛 Infom	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/30/05&4/1/04</u> .		5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other: <u>IDS filed 1/23</u>	itent Application (PTC	D-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ... (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co., 151 U.S. 186 (1894); In re Ockert, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer cannot overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

- 2. Claims 1-20 are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 1-20 of copending Application No. 10/935,268. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.
- The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington. 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1-19 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 4, 14, 15, 19

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and 20 of copending Application No. 10/936,938 and claims 1-17 of copending Application No. 10/429,432. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the polymeric compositions and the phase change solvent can have the same chemical structure as those claimed in the copending application.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 5. Claims 1-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Knobel et al. US 4,618,630 alone or in view of Westbrook et al. US 5,389,711.
- 6. The patent to Knobel et al. shows polymeric compositions that incorporate terephthalic esters which can have substituents so as to overlap in scope with the

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claimed solvent compound, see column 4 lines 35+. The polymers are listed at column 5 lines 8-32. The difference between this disclosure and the instant claims is that the block polymer is not specifically identified. The patent is not limited to any specific polymer and having the monomeric components are suggested at column 5 lines 20-25. It would be obvious to use the block polymer as claimed because one of ordinary skill would have a reasonable expectation of the result.

- 7. The patent to Westbrook et al. is specific to the claimed block polymers, see column 3, lines 53+. The patent further indicates the suitability of ester compounds used for manipulating the glass transition temperature of the resin composition. The esters used in Westbrook et al. are very similar to those of Knoble et al. and those claimed. It would be obvious to select the block polymers of Westbrook et al. in practicing the invention of Knoble et al. given that one of ordinary skill would have a reasonable expectation of the result. The claimed oil is suggested at column 9 lines 1-5. As such the inclusion thereof is rendered prima facie obvious.
- 8. This rejection could be stated in the reverse as well. This is to say that it would be obvious to use the ester compound of Knoble et al. when practicing the invention of Westbrook et al. given that one of ordinary skill would have a reasonable expectation of the result.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter D. Mulcahy whose telephone number is 571-272-1107. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8-4:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu can be reached on 571-272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Peter D. Mulcahy Primary Examiner

pdm 11/10/05